# **DTX 420**

toxic and oxygen gas detector

Cl<sub>2</sub> - CO - NH<sub>3</sub> - O<sub>2</sub> ...



- ✔ Principle: ELECTROCHEMICAL
- Connection: 2 wires
- Output signal: 4..20 mA



TOTAL PROPERTY

DALEMANS GAS DETECTION

## **DTX 420**

The **DTX 420** detector was designed to continuously measure the presence of **various toxic gases** in the air such as **carbon monoxide** and **ammonia** but also **oxygen.** 

Its **electrochemical** measurement principle gives it its major assets:

- measurement stability,
- selectivity of the gas to be detected and high accuracy.

By connecting it to a Dalemans unit or to any other instrument that can receive a **4.20 mA signal**, you will benefit from a **highly flexible installation**.

This detector is especially suitable for applications like underground car parks, laboratories and cooling systems.

### **CHARACTERISTICS**

Sensing head	Brass (CuZn39Pb3) tainless steel 1.4404 (AISI 316L)		
Junction box	Polystyrene		
Dimensions / Weight	165 x 94 x 57 mm / 540 g		
Sensor type	Electrochemical		
Output signal	420 mA current loop (2-wires)		
Setting	Zero and calibration by internal potentiometers		
Ассигасу	± 1.5 % full scale		
Response time (T90)	< 45 sec.		
Lifetime	> 2 years (0 <sub>2</sub> : 1 year)		
Supply voltage	15 - 30 Vdc / Max. 30 mA		
Storage temperature	-40 °C to +80 °C		
Operating conditions Temperature Ambient humidity Occasional humidity Pressure	-10 °C to +40 °C 20 - 90 % HR 10 - 99 % HR 90 - 110 kPa		
Cable section	2 x 0.5 mm² (twisted and shielded pair)		
Max. cable length	1000 m		
Loop resistance	50 - 750 ohms		
Casing ingress protectio	n IP65		
Cable entry	1 x M16		



### **GASES CONCERNED**

	Mesurement				
Gas	Formula	Density (air=1)	range (PPM)	TLV (PPM)	
Ammonia	$NH_3$	0.59	0 - 100	20.00	
Carbon monoxide	CO	0.97	0 - 300	25.00	
Chlorine	Cl <sub>2</sub>	2.45	0 - 10	1.00	
Hydrogen sulphide	$H_2S$	1.19	0 - 50	10.00	
Nitrogen dioxide	NO <sub>2</sub>	1.59	0 - 50	3.00	
0xygen	02	1.00	0 – 25 %	-	
Sulphur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	1.19	0 - 20	2.00	

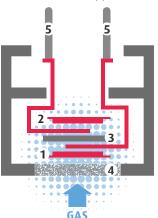
Other gases an measurement ranges upon request.

#### **ELECTROCHEMICAL MEASUREMENT PRINCIPLE**

The electrochemical cell is made up of a measurement electrode (1), a counter-electrode (2) and a reference electrode (3). These electrodes are bathed in an electrolyte inside the cell casing, which is itself fitted with a gas permeable membrane (4).

The gas which is diffused inside the cell causes a **chemical reaction on the measurement electrode** and on the counter-electrode. The result is an **electric current, proportionate to the concentration of the gas present,** which circulates between these two electrodes.

This current is measured by the external circuit (5) to which the cell is connected.





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